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PPLICATION NO.	F	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/690,900 10/22/2003		10/22/2003	Jacobus Johannes Cornelis Geerlings	TS1288 (US)	6359
23632	7590	08/02/2006		EXAMINER	
SHELL OIL COMPANY				HENDRICKSON, STUART L	
P O BOX 24 HOUSTON,		522463		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
·				1754	

DATE MAILED: 08/02/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/690,900	GEERLINGS ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Stuart Hendrickson	1754					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address -	•				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communica ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
<u> </u>	—· s action is non-final.						
· <u> </u>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	•						
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			1(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			* *				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☒ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
 Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicati	ion No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ed in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau	* **						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	∍d.					
Attachment(s)	_						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 	4)						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) D Notice of Informal F	Patent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:						

Art Unit: 1754

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP '744 taken with JP '153.

EP '744 teaches, in columns 4 and 6 especially, purifying carbon dioxide by desorbing from an amine at elevated temperature. The elevate pressure expected is noted as well. The temperature and pressure overlaps the claimed ranges, rendering them prima-facie obvious. This differs in not teaching the claimed use of the carbon dioxide. '153 teaches in the abstract treating fine silicate particles (size overlapping the claimed range) with carbon dioxide. Using the purified CO2 of '744 in the JP process is an obvious expedient to provide carbon dioxide to a process needing it; note In re Kamlet 88 USPQ 106.

Concerning claim 2, using heat exchange is an obvious expedient to optimize economic efficiency by reducing heating costs. Concerning claim 13 and the like, using a high temperature to carbonate is an obvious expedient to make the reaction go faster.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to examiner Hendrickson at telephone number (571) 272-1351.

Stuart Hendrickson examiner Art Unit 1754